

## IHO General Bee: VARSITY & JUNIOR VARSITY Round 1 - Prelims

1. This man, who first proved that odd primes are the sum of two squares if and only if the prime is congruent to 1 mod 4, mythically challenged Denis Diderot that "a plus b to the n, all over n, equals x; therefore God exists!" In 1735, he proved that no path could traverse the Seven Bridges of Konigsburg each exactly once while returning to the start, and his mathematical output did not suffer after he lost his eyesight in 1766. For the point, name this Swiss mathematician, the namesake of the base of the natural logarithm, approximately 2.71828.

ANSWER: Leonhard **Euler** [oy-ler]

2. French Ambassador Edmond-Charles Genet rallied for support of the French Revolution after arriving in this state, which saw slave rebellions led by Jemmy at the Stono River in 1739 and Denmark Vesey in 1822 as well as the American Revolution's Battle of Cowpens. One politician from this state argued against the Tariff of Abominations with his Exposition and Protest during the Nullification Crisis. For the point, name this home state of John C. Calhoun with capital Columbia.

**ANSWER: South Carolina** 

3. This politician led a movement known as Young England, and he was Chancellor of the Exchequer under Lord Derby. While serving as Prime Minister, he passed a bill that eliminated pocket boroughs; that bill was the 1867 Reform Act. Later, this politician was criticized for not stopping the Bulgarian Horrors in a series of speeches known as the Midlothian Campaign, which were given by rival William Gladstone. For the point, name this Victorian era Prime Minister of Great Britain of Jewish descent.

ANSWER: Benjamin **Disraeli**, 1st Earl of Beaconsfield

4. This politician chaired the United Nations Conference on International Organization. Inquiries into this politician started after claims made by Whittaker Chambers, and Richard Nixon called for the House of Un-American Activities to start an investigation on this man. Pieces of film found in a hollowed pumpkin implicated, for the point, what State Department worker was who accused of being a Soviet spy in the 1950s?

ANSWER: Alger Hiss

5. One ruler of a state in this region protected the founder of Mani and held his capital at Ctesiphon. One empire in this region had its capital at Ecbatana. Heavily armed cavalry called cataphracts were common in empires in this region. Empires in this region fought over Armenia with a neighboring state, and captured leaders like Valerian and Crassus from Rome. For the point, name this region where Parthia and the Sassanid Empire were located.

ANSWER: Persia [accept Iran]

6. The Haute Cour served as the main council of this city during the medieval era. Godfrey of Bouillon died before becoming the Lord of this city. Guy of Lusignan failed to defend this city, which was captured after the Battle of Hattin by the founder of the Ayyubid Dynasty. Richard the Lionhearted sought to capture this city after Saladin's conquest of it led to the Third Crusade. For the point, name this holiest city in Israel.

**ANSWER: Jerusalem** 

7. The quartering of soldiers in this region led to the Revolt of the Barretinas. Francesc de Tamarit led the Reapers' War in this region, which declared Pau Claris i Casademunt as this region's president. It includes the cities of Lleida and Tarragona and was once home to the Kingdom of Aragon, which united with Castile after Ferdinand and Isabella's marriage. Francisco Franco suppressed nationalism in, for 10 points, what eastern autonomous region of northeastern Spain which includes Barcelona?

ANSWER: Catalonia

8. The aftermath of this event led to the formation of the newspaper *The Guardian* and passage of the Six Acts. One of the individuals arrested after this event was speaker Harry Hunt. It's not the Irish Potato Famine, but people involved in this event were heavily affected by the passage of the Corn Laws. 11 people were killed by an English cavalry regiment in, for the point, what 1819 massacre in Manchester whose name is a combination of St. Peter's Field and Napoleon's final defeat?

ANSWER: Peterloo Massacre

9. One's of this figure's symbols is Bennu, the phoenix. He fathered children with two of his sisters, one of whom helped protected Hapy. He is linked to the flood cycles of the Nile and life after death. After impregnating his sister, his brother's wife, his brother killed him and scattered the pieces of his body, leaving their mutual sister Isis to find and restore him. For the point, name this Egyptian Lord of the Dead and god of the afterlife, usually depicted with green skin.

ANSWER: Osiris [or Usir, Ausar or sound equivalents]

10. Some members of this religion called themselves the Celestial Masters and led a movement that required donations of five pecks of rice to join. A rebellion started by members of this religion was the opening event in Luo Guanzhong's Romance of the Three Kingdoms and was characterized by the use of Yellow Turbans. For the point, name this Chinese religion whose primary philosophical text is Laozi's Tao Te Ching.

ANSWER: Taoism or Daoism

11. This man cut a notch in his Colt revolver after claiming credit for killing second-in-command Julio Cardenas. This man was criticized for breaching authority in petitioning the Supreme War Council for a German unconditional surrender instead of an armistice. This man's aide actually spoke a line often credited to this man: "Lafayette, we are here," at Lafayette's tomb in Paris in 1917, shortly after arriving in France. For 10 points, name this U.S. General, nicknamed "Black Jack," who led the failed pursuit of Pancho Villa and the American Expeditionary Force in World War 1.

ANSWER: John "Black Jack" **Pershing** 

12. The subject of this event had, just prior, given a series of failed midterm election speeches known as the "Swing Around the Circle." Edmund Ross foiled this event, which was presided over by Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase and was concerned with the removal of Secretary of War Edwin Stanton in violation of the Tenure of Office Act. For the point, name this attempted removal of Abraham Lincoln's presidential successor.

ANSWER: Impeachment (trial) of Andrew Johnson [accept reasonable equivalents]

13. One part of this treaty attempted to confirm the independent status of the city of Bremen. Another part of this treaty gave Western Pomerania to Sweden, while Prussia gained Eastern Pomerania. This treaty officially recognized the independence of Switzerland and the Dutch Republic. This treaty also reaffirmed the Peace of Augsburg and ended a war that began with the Second Defenestration of Prague. For the point, name this treaty which ended the Thirty Years War.

ANSWER: Peace of Westphalia

14. During this ruler's participation in the Crusades, Robert Burnell served as regent. The Treaty of Birgham declared that this ruler's son was to marry Margaret, the Maid of Norway. As prince, this ruler was initially imprisoned after the Battle of Lewes. This ruler's Statute of Rhuddlan was issued shortly after his conquest of Wales. This ruler defeated William Wallace's forces at the Battle of Falkirk, and received the epithet "Hammer of the Scots". For the point, name this King of England and son of Henry III, nicknamed "Longshanks".

ANSWER: Edward I of England

15. These objects are referenced in Harry Dacre's popular song "Daisy Bell." These vehicles were used by General Yamashita's troops during the fall of Singapore. Boneshakers, velocipedes, and penny-farthings were early types of this vehicle, which were built by the Wright Brothers before their experiments with flight. For 10 points, name these vehicles that many women learned to ride during an 1890s craze and which are twice as prevalent, worldwide, as automobiles.

ANSWER: bicycles

16. "Little green men" seized the Supreme Council in this region in 2014, shortly after the Supreme Council examined the possibility of holding a controversial referendum. In two cities in this place, Euromaidan protests took place at the same time as protests against the Ukrainian government. Those cities, Simferopol and Sevastopol, are major population centers on this strategically-important peninsula. For 10 points, name this territory recently annexed by Russia, a peninsula in the Black Sea.

ANSWER: <u>Crimea</u>n Peninsula [or <u>Krim</u>skii Poluostrov]

17. In a novel titled for this profession, Santiago learns about his Personal Legend from Melchizedek. In the first chapter of *One Hundred Years of Solitude*, Melquiades convinces Jose Arcadio Buendia to try his hand at this profession with Moses' and Zosimus' formulas. Victor Frankenstein is initially inspired by historical practitioners of this profession such as Cornelius Agrippa, Paracelsus, and Albertus Magnus. Epicure Mammon searches for the philosopher's stone and elixir of life in a Ben Jonson play titled for this profession. For 10 points, give this profession concerned with turning base metals into gold.

ANSWER: alchemy [accept word forms such as alchemist]

18. Early in his reign, this monarch fled a battle he had actually won at Mollwitz. This man also rebutted *The Prince* in his *Anti-Machiavel*. This man's victory at Hohenfriedberg was part of a greater war which was started when he disputed the Pragmatic Sanction of 1713. In a later war, he was saved by the Miracle of the House of Brandenburg. For the point, name this participant in the War of Austrian Succession and the Seven Years War, a King of Prussia with the epithet of "The Great."

ANSWER: <u>Frederick the Great</u> [accept <u>Frederick</u> after saying "The Great", accept <u>Frederick</u> II of Prussia]

19. Titu Cusi recounted a history of this empire, one of whose rulers allegedly threw a Bible to the ground when approached by a friar and offered an invading force a "ransom room" full of gold, but was never set free. After the Battle of Cajamarca, this empire's ruler Atahualpa was captured. Two men named Tupac Amaru sought to revive the power of this empire, but were both beheaded in its capital, Cuzco, by Spanish colonizers. For the point, name this empire that ruled much of the Andes before being conquered by Francisco Pizarro.

ANSWER: **Inca** Empire

20. This ruler passed a law which limited the harassment of voters while traveling to the ballot box in order to limit the influence of aristocrats. Alongside a rival who would succeed him, he commanded forces in the Social War after the death of Publius Rutilius Lupus. This man led forces that defeated the Teutones and Cimbri tribes at the battles of Aquae Sextiae and Vercellae. His main rival for political power throughout his career was Lucius Cornelius Sulla. For the point, name this Roman leader who held the office of consul seven times.

ANSWER: Gaius Marius

21. James Hoban was most likely influenced by the Leinster House while constructing this building. During a renovation of this building, Oscar Collazo and Griselio Torresola killed Leslie Coffelt but failed to kill their target at the Blair House. One family moved to the Octagonal House from this building after an event that saw Dolly Madison save a portrait of George Washington from it. For the point, name this building on 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, the residence of U.S. Presidents.

ANSWER: White House

22. Before this man could leave Qinghai province, the warlord Ma Bufang demanded a ransom of a hundred thousand silver coins. A delegation from this leader's country signed a Seventeen-Point Agreement without his approval after its defeat at the Battle of Chamdo, leading to his country's annexation. This leader moved to his current residence in Dharamsala, India, after a 1959 uprising in Lhasa forced him into exile. For the point, name this religious leader, the head of the Yellow Hat sect of Buddhism and former leader of Tibet.

ANSWER: Jetsun Jamphel Ngawang Lobsang Yeshe <u>Tenzin Gyatso</u> [or the <u>14th Dalai Lama</u> or Lhamo **Thondup**]

23. This man depicted the *Defeat of the Floating Batteries at Gibraltar* and a scene of members of the House of Lords consoling a collapsed member of Parliament in large oil canvasses. This artist of *The Death of Earl of Chatham* also painted his half-brother Henry Pelham with a squirrel. The most well known portrait by this artist shows a man thinking while holding a silver kettle. For the point, name this colonial American artist who painted portraits of John Hancock and Paul Revere, as well as *Watson and the Shark*.

ANSWER: John Singleton Copley

24. Tensions arising from this event led to the deaths of Wintu Indians in the Bridge Gulch Massacre. This event foiled the plans to create a utopian society called New Helvetia. Samuel Brannan opened up many stores due to this event which led many people nicknamed "Argonauts" to come. This event led to a surge in the popularity of Levi Strauss's denim overalls and was caused by a discovery at Sutter's Mill. For the point, name this economic event whose participants, called "forty-niners," sought riches by in a western American state.

ANSWER: California Gold Rush [prompt on gold rush]

25. This film is based on Samson Raphaelson play *The Day of Atonement*. The main character of this film changes his name to Jack Robin from Jakie Rabinowitz, after being shunned by his family for performing the title action. This film's final scene features the song "My Mammy," sung by Jack wearing blackface. Al Jolson starred in, for the point, what 1927 film which began the decline of the silent film era by being the first to feature spoken dialogue?

ANSWER: The **Jazz Singer** 

26. Robert Mushet improved one method of creating this good by adding manganese-containing spiegeleisen; that method of producing this good uses a blast of air to burn off impurities. The Eads bridge in St. Louis was the first bridge made of this material, which was produced by the first billion dollar company in the US. Henry Bessemer names a process for producing, for the point, what building material, once produced by the Carnegie Corporation from iron?

ANSWER: steel

27. The murder of Jewish worker Leo Frank in this city influenced the 2nd revival of the Ku Klux Klan. A motel called the "Heart of [this city]" challenged the 1964 Civil Rights Act. In 1958 a Reform Jewish temple on this city's Peachtree Street was bombed, and Eric Rudolph was responsible for bombings in this city's Centennial Olympic Park during the 1996 Summer Olympics. For the point, name this capital of Georgia.

ANSWER: Atlanta

28. Emidio Santana attempted to assassinate a leader of this country. This country signed the Concordat of 1940 with the Vatican. Otelo Saraiva de Carvalho said he regretted launching an uprising in this country. This country ceded its colonies in the Lusaka and Alvor Agreements. Marcello Caetano's Estado Novo government was overthrown in this country's Carnation Revolution. For the point, name this country ruled by Antonio de Salazar from Lisbon.

**ANSWER:** Portugal

29. This organization's paratroopers were instrumental in the capture of Fort Eben-Emael. While part of the Condor Legion, this organization bombed the Basque town of Guernica, depicted in a painting by Pablo Picasso. This organization used defensive boxes in order to combat night bombing. Planes used by this organization were manufactured by Junkers and Messerschmitt. For the point, name this branch of the German military that was led by Hermann Goring during the Nazi regime.

ANSWER: <u>Luftwaffe</u> [accept <u>German air force</u> or equivalents; prompt on <u>Wehrmacht</u>]

30. This leader's death led to the Battle of Nedao, where his former vassal Ardaric killed his successor, Ellac. This man gained full power of his empire after the death of his brother Bleda. The historian Priscus recorded much information about this ruler, who died of a nosebleed at his wedding celebration. His invasion of Rome was halted under forces led by Flavius Aetius and Theodoric I at the Battle of Chalons. For the point, name this leader of the Huns.

ANSWER: Attila the Hun

## Extra Tossup – ONLY READ IF A QUESTION IS BOTCHED!

REPLACEMENT. Just before this event, the "Yippies" nominated Pigasus, a pig, for their ticket. The Walker Report examined riots incited here by a group of seven people, including Jerry Rubin and Bobby Seale. Security guards beat up Dan Rather while reporting this event; tensions here were high due to the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy and continuing riots over the Vietnam War. For the point, name this convention that saw the nomination of Hubert Humphrey for President in Chicago.

ANSWER: 1968 Democratic Party National Convention (or 1968 DNC)