

Instructions – read this to students before the round begins.

This round consists of 20 pyramidal questions that will be read in 4 parts. You will have ONE opportunity to submit an answer to each question. If you submit a correct answer after the first sentence is read, you will receive 4 points, after the second sentence you will receive 3 points, and after the third sentence 2 points. After the 2-point answers have been collected, the remaining teams will be read 4 multiple choice answer choices. Correct answers submitted after the multiple-choice portion will receive 1 point. ANY incorrect answer to the question will receive zero points. You will have 10 seconds after each part is read to submit your answer.

America

- 1. (4) Militiamen from this group attacked the Baker-Fancher wagon train in the Mountain Meadows massacre. (3) Lillburn Boggs's Extermination Order 44 called for these people's migration to Nauvoo, Illinois. (2) Name this American religious group once led by Joseph Smith.
- A. Roman Catholics
- B. Seventh Day Adventists
- C. Mormons
- D. Presbyterians

ANSWER: Mormons (or Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints)

- 2. (4) This campaign included battles at Champion Hill and Big Black River Bridge. (3) This campaign captured its target city on July 4th, 1863, one day after the Battle of Gettysburg. (2) Name this campaign where Ulysses Grant besieged the namesake city on the Mississippi River.
- A. Appomattox Campaign
- B. Chattanooga Campaign
- C. Atlanta Campaign
- D. Vicksburg Campaign

ANSWER: Vicksburg Campaign

- 3. (4) This case ruled that the Supreme Court could not issue writs of mandamus to government officials. (3) Section 13 of the Judiciary Act of 1789 was ruled unconstitutional in this case. (2) Name this 1803 Supreme Court case that established judicial review.
- A. Schenk v. United States
- B. Gibbons v. Ogden
- C. Marbury v. Madison
- D. McCulloch v. Maryland

ANSWER: Marbury v. Madison

Europe

- (4) This leader created his country's universal healthcare system as outlined in the Beveridge Report. (3) This leader met with Stalin and Truman at the Potsdam Conference, replacing his predecessor. (2) Name this Labour prime minister who succeeded Winston Churchill.
- A. Clement Attlee
- B. Harold Macmillan

- C. Neville Chamberlain
- D. Anthony Eden

ANSWER: Clement Attlee (or Clement Richard Attlee)

- (5) (4) Pike-wielding soldiers from this country often used formations known as "schiltrons." (3) This country fought its southern neighbor at the battles of Stirling Bridge and Bannockburn. (2) Name this country that fought England under men like William Wallace and Robert the Bruce.
- A. Ireland
- B. Denmark
- C. Wales
- D. Scotland

ANSWER: Scotland

- (6) (4) This country received the George Cross for weathering an Axis siege during World War Two. (3) The Knights Hospitaller defended this island country from an Ottoman Great Siege in 1565. (2) Name this small Mediterranean country whose capital is Valletta.
- A. Monaco
- B. Malta
- C. Andorra
- D. San Marino

ANSWER: Malta (or the Republic of Malta)

- (7) (4) The monk Nestor recorded the history of a state based in this city in the Primary Chronicle. (3) Vladimir the Great of this city christianized his people by having them wade into the Dnieper River. (2) Name this city that names the medieval state of Rus', now the capital of Ukraine.
- A. Kyiv
- B. Minsk
- C. Moscow
- D. Dnipro

ANSWER: Kyiv

- (8) (4) This country adopted a form of market socialism called the "Illyrian model." (3) Another leader of this country led the Partisans during World War Two and was a European founder of the non-aligned movement. (2) Name this now-defunct country once led by Josip Broz Tito.
- A. East Germany
- B. Soviet Union
- C. Czechoslovakia
- D. Yugoslavia

ANSWER: Yugoslavia

Asia

- (9) (4) A rebellion against this dynasty led to the execution of consort Yang Guifei. (3) Emperor Xuanzong of this dynasty faced the An Lushan Rebellion. (2) Name this poetry-rich Chinese dynasty that preceded the Song.
- A. Sui Dynasty
- B. Tang Dynasty
- C. Yuan Dynasty
- D. Han Dynasty

ANSWER: **Tang** Dynasty

(10) (4) This period promulgated the slogan "enrich the state, strengthen the military." (3) This period provoked armed conflicts like the Boshin War and Satsuma Rebellion. (2) Name this Japanese period in which the namesake emperor assumed control from the Tokugawa Shogunate.
A. Meiji Restoration B. Edo Period C. Heian Period D. Showa Period
ANSWER: <u>Meiji</u> Restoration (accept Emperor <u>Meiji</u>)
(11) (4) This leader initiated the August Revolution against Japanese rule. (3) Operation Barrel Roll was a U.S. strategic bombing campaign against this leader's namesake trail. (2) Name this Communist revolutionary, current namesake of Saigon and first leader of North Vietnam.

A. Pham Van Dung

B. Le Duc Tho

C. Le Duan

D. Ho Chi Minh

ANSWER: **Ho** Chi Minh (accept Ho Chi Minh City)

- (12) (4) The fourth ruler of this name, known as "the Hunter," suffered a catastrophic defeat at the 1683 Battle of Vienna. (3) Another ruler of this name used cannons built by the Hungarian engineer Orban to destroy the Theodosian Walls. (2) Give this Turkish name of the Ottoman sultan who conquered Constantinople in 1453.
- A. Osman
- B. Murad
- C. Mehmed
- D. Bayezid

ANSWER: Mehmed (or Mehmet; accept Mehmed the Fourth; accept Mehmed the Second)

- (13) (4) An event targeting these people led Raphael Lemkin to coin one term. (3) Article 301 criminalizes the discussion of crimes against these people orchestrated by Enver Pasha during World War I. (2) Name these Christian people who were massacred in an infamous Ottoman genocide.
- A. Russians
- B. Armenians
- C. Greeks
- D. Croats

ANSWER: **Armenians** (accept Armenian Genocide)

South America

- (14) (4) A group known as the "Thirty-Three Orientals" fought for the independence of this country. (3) This country composed the Triple Alliance against Paraguay with its neighbors, Brazil and Argentina. (2) Name this South American country whose capital is Montevideo.
- A. Uruguay
- B. Chile
- C. Peru
- D. Bolivia

ANSWER: <u>Uruguay</u> (or Oriental Republic of Uruguay; or the Eastern Republic of Uruguay; or República Oriental del Uruguay)

(15) (4) This empire was divided into four provinces known as "suyu." (3) Chasqui runners delivered messages along this empire's system of roads using knotted strings called quipus. (2) Name this Andean empire led by sapa like Atahualpa from its capital of Cusco.
A. Chavin B. Guarani C. Caral-Supe D. Inca
ANSWER: <u>Inca</u> Empire (or <u>Incan</u> Empire; or <u>Tawantinsuyu</u>)
(16) (4) This region was liberalized during a period dubbed the Quiet Revolution. (3) The FLQ advocated the independence of this province but was suppressed by Pierre Trudeau. (2) Name this majority French-speaking province of Canada that contains Montreal.
A. Ontario B. Quebec C. Newfoundland D. Prince Edward Island
ANSWER: Quebec
Africa (17) (4) This city contains sites such as the Conical Tower, situated between the two walls of the Great Enclosure. (3) The soapstone bird carvings from this Shona city now appear on a national flag. (2) Name this ruined Iron Age city, south of Harare in a namesake African country.
A. Masvingo B. Bumbusi C. Manyikeni D. Great Zimbabwe
ANSWER: Great Zimbabwe
(18) (4) The U.S. bombed this leader's country in Operation El Dorado Canyon. (3) This leader's socialist political system of Jamahiriya was outlined in his Green Book. (2) Name this longtime dictator of Libya.
A. Hosni Mubarak B. Muammar Gaddafi C. Omar al-Bashir D. Bashar al-Assad
ANSWER: Muammar <u>Gaddafi</u> (or Muammar Muhammad Abu Minyar al- <u>Gaddafi</u>)
Other (19) (4) Emperor Aurelian names one of these systems that superseded another named for King Servius Tullius. (3) Another of these structures that ran from Segedunum to Solway Firth was situated south of one named for Antoninus Pius. (2) Name these defensive structures, one of which in Roman Britain was named for Hadrian.
A. bridges B. forts C. castles D. walls
ANSWER: Roman Walls (accept Aurelian Wall; accept Servian Wall; accept Antonine Wall; accept Hadrian's Wall)

(20) (4) An area of land around Port Phillip was purchased from these people in Batman's Treaty. (3) National Sorry Day commemorates the separation of these people's parents and their kids from the Stolen Generations. (2) Name these indigenous people of Australia.

- A. Tongariki
- B. Aboriginals
- C. Maori
- D. Rapanui

ANSWER: Australian Aboriginals

Extra Questions

(1) (4) In ancient Iran, the quant system stored this commodity. (3) Archimedes' screw transports this substance, helping to create the Hanging Gardens of Babylon. (2) Name this substance used to irrigate fields of crops.

ANSWER: Water (accept H2O)